

9/16/24

INTRO TO SHORT-TIME FOURIER TRANSFORMS (STFT)

(WD 6.0-6.2, NOTES 3.1-3.2)

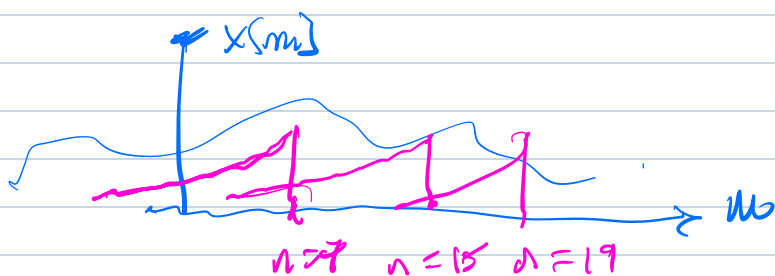
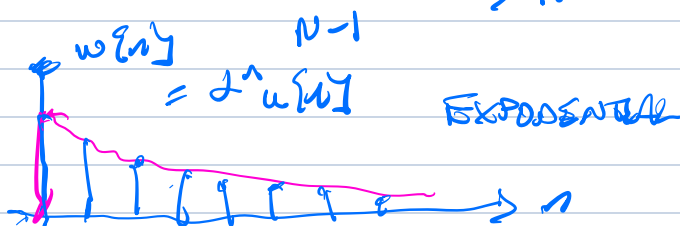
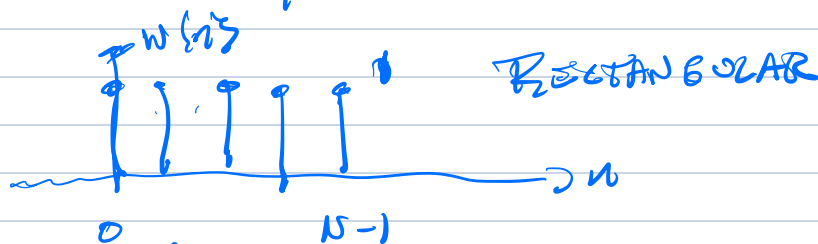
$$\text{DFT} \quad x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

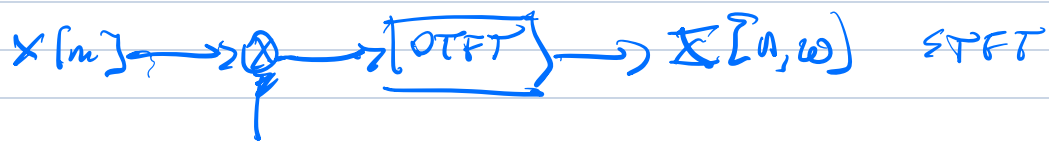
STFT:

$$X[n, \omega] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} x[m] w[n-m] e^{-j\omega m}$$

Types of windows:



DEND: FT IMPLEMENTATION



$w[n-m]$

FOURIER TRANSFORM IMPLEMENTATION

WINT & OPPENHEIM

$$X[n, \omega] = \sum_m x[m] w[n-m] e^{-j\omega m}$$

OPPENHEIM & SCHAPIRO

$$X[n, \omega] = \sum_m x[m+n] w[m] e^{-j\omega m}$$

WHAT IS THE WINDOWING OPERATION?

$$X[n, \omega] = \sum_m (x[m] w[n-m]) e^{-j\omega m}$$

DFT of $w[n-m]$

$$w[n-m] \Leftrightarrow \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} w[n-m] e^{-j\omega m}$$

let $l = n-m$
 $m = n-l$

$$= \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} w[l] e^{-j\omega(n-l)}$$

$$= e^{-j\omega n} \underbrace{\sum_l w[l] e^{j\omega l}}_{W(e^{j\omega})}$$

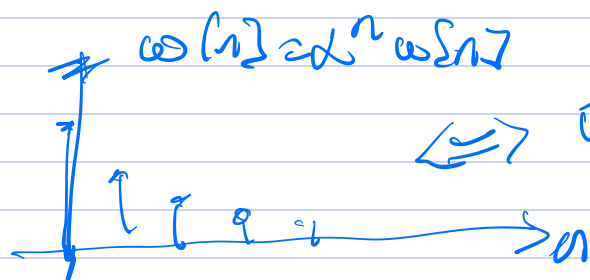
$$X[n, \omega] = \sum_m x[m] w[n-m] e^{-j\omega m}$$

$$x[n] w[n-m] \Leftrightarrow X(e^{j\omega}) * W(e^{-j\omega}) e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$x[n] w[n-m] \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) W(e^{j\omega}) e^{-j\omega m} d\omega$$

DFTs of FORGATE WINDOWS

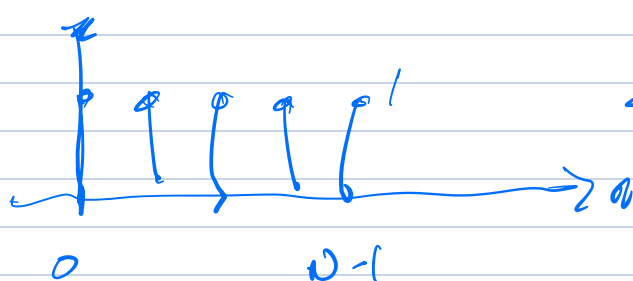
EXPONENTIAL WINDOW



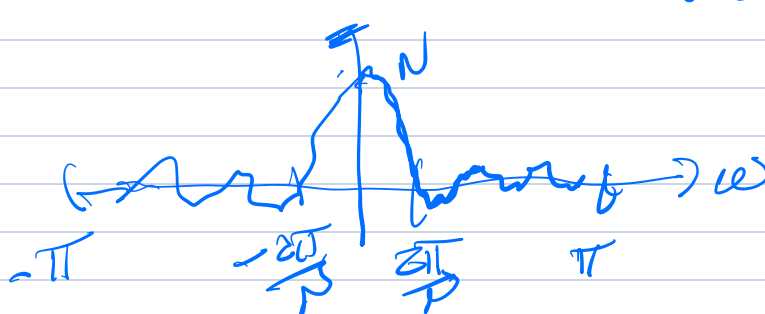
$$\Leftrightarrow W(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{1 - \alpha e^{j\omega}}$$



RECTANGULAR WINDOW



$$\Leftrightarrow W(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{e^{j\omega(N-1)/2} \sin(\frac{N\omega}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})}$$



STFT

$$X[n, \omega] = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} x[n-m] w[m] e^{-j\omega m}$$

DFT

DFT

$$X[k] = X[n, \omega] \Big|_{\omega = \frac{2\pi k}{N} = \omega_k, 0 \leq k \leq N-1}$$

$$X[n, k] = X[n, \omega] \Big|_{\omega = \omega_k = \frac{2\pi k}{N}} = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} x[n-m] w[m] e^{-j\omega_k m} = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} x[n-m] w[m] e^{-j \frac{2\pi k}{N} m}$$

DFT: WINDOW DURATION

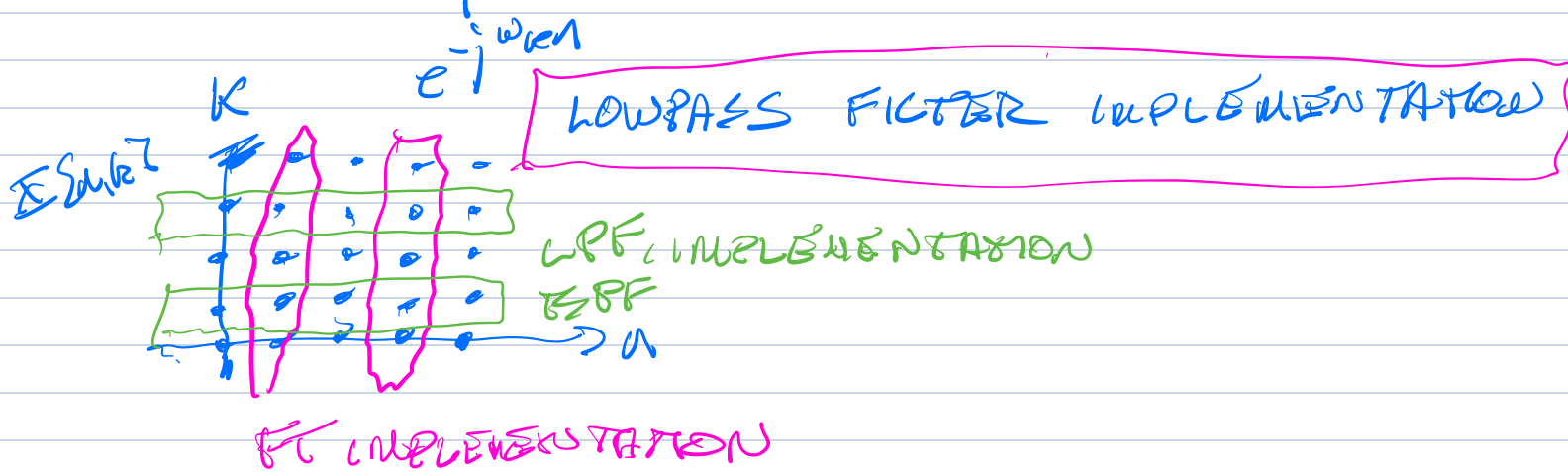
ALTERNATE IMPLEMENTATIONS OF STFT

$$X[n, k] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} (w[n-m] x[m]) e^{-j\omega_k m}$$

$$\omega_k = \frac{2\pi k}{N}$$

$$X[n, k] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} w[n-m] (x[m] e^{-j\omega_k m})$$

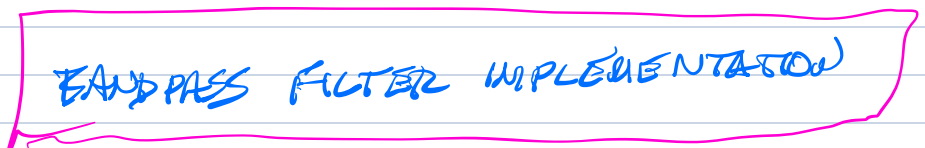
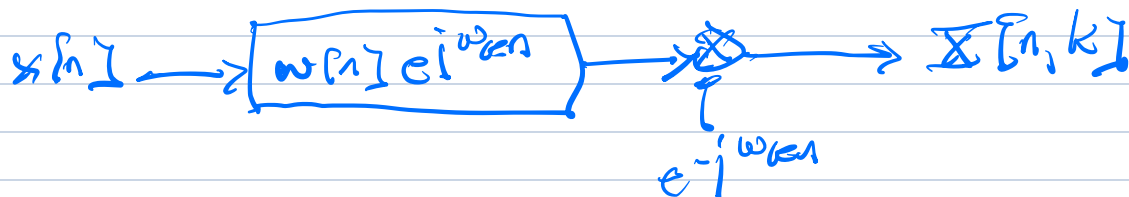
$$w[n] * x[n] e^{-j\omega_k n}$$



$$X[n, k] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} w[n-m] x[m] e^{-j\omega_k m} e^{j\omega_k n} e^{-j\omega_k n}$$

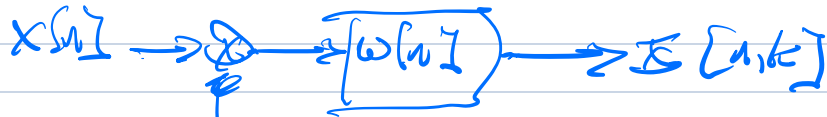
$$= e^{-j\omega_k n} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} x[m] w[n-m] e^{j\omega_k (n-m)}$$

$$x[n] * w[n] e^{j\omega_k n}$$



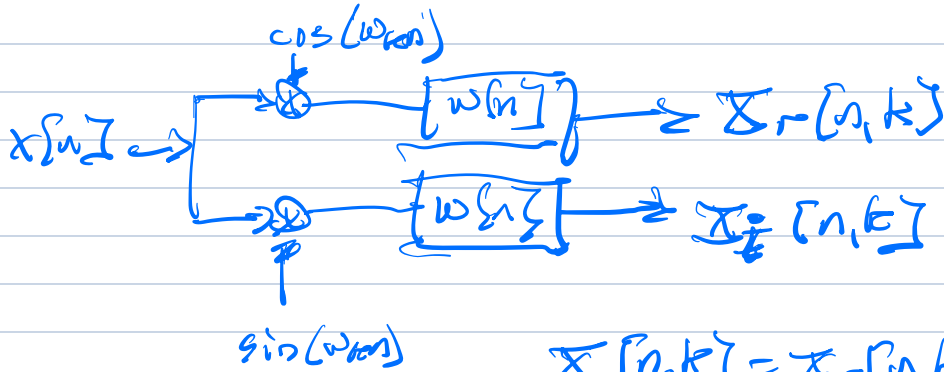
IMPLEMENTING LFF, BPF VERSIONS OF STFT WITH REAL SIGNALS

LFF



$$e^{-j\omega_k n}$$

$$e^{-j\omega_k n} = \cos(\omega_k n) - j \sin(\omega_k n)$$

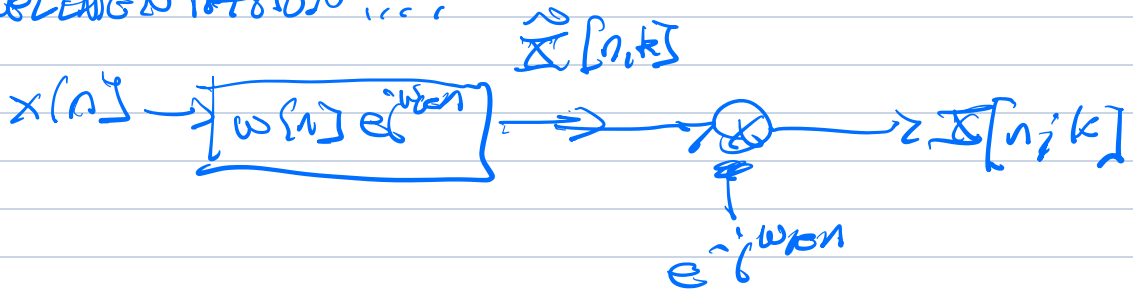


$$X[n, k] = X_r[n, k] - j X_i[n, k]$$

$$= x[n] (\cos(\omega_k n) - j \sin(\omega_k n))$$

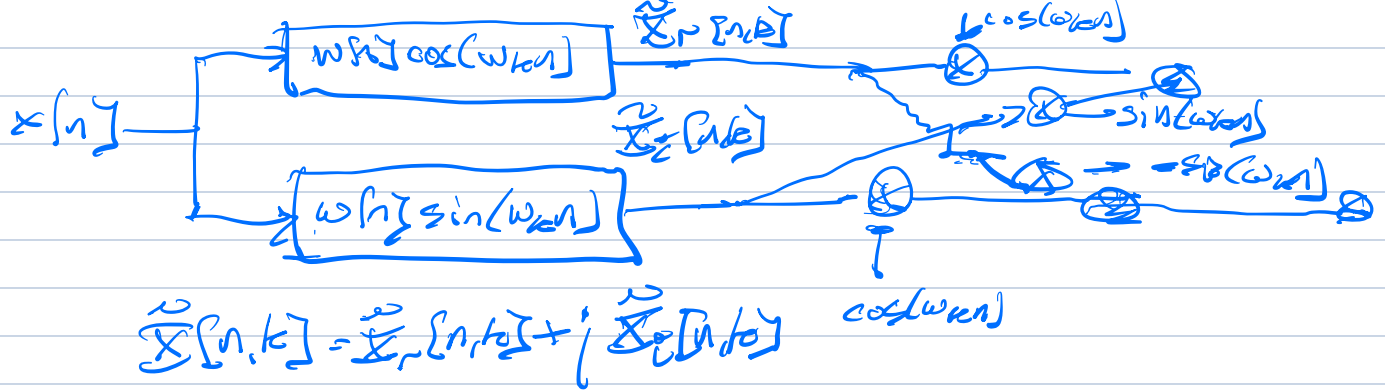
$$= (x[n] e^{-j\omega_k n}) * w[n] = X[n, k]$$

BPF IMPLEMENTATION ...



$$|\hat{X}[n, k]| = |X[n, k]|$$

$$w[n] e^{j\omega_k n} = w[n] \cos(\omega_k n) + j w[n] \sin(\omega_k n)$$



SEE BETTER DRAWING IN NOTES !!!