

DFT

$$x[n] = 0, n < 0 \\ n \geq N$$

$$X[n] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] e^{i \frac{2\pi nk}{N}}$$

$$X[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-i \frac{2\pi nk}{N}}$$

PROPERTIES OF

$$n=0$$

THE DFT: CIRCULAR

VERSUS LINEAR CONVOLUTION

(OSYP 8.5-8.7)

REVIEW: SELECTED PROPERTIES:

$$x[n] \stackrel{N}{\longleftrightarrow} X[k]$$

LINEARITY:

$$ax_1[n] + bx_2[n] \stackrel{N}{\longleftrightarrow} aX_1[k] + bX_2[k]$$

TIME SHIFT

$$x[(n-n_0)] \stackrel{N}{\longleftrightarrow} e^{-j\frac{2\pi kn_0}{N}} X[k] = W_N^{kn_0} X[k]$$

MULT BY COMPLEX
EXP.

$$x[n] e^{j\frac{2\pi rn}{N}} = x[n] W_N^{-rn} \stackrel{N}{\longleftrightarrow} X[(k-r)]$$

$$W_N = e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}}$$

Consider

$$x_1[n] \stackrel{N}{\Leftrightarrow} X_1[k]$$

$$x_2[n] \stackrel{N}{\Leftrightarrow} X_2[k]$$

$x_1[n], x_2[n]$ non zero only for $0 \leq n \leq N-1$

$$X_1[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x_1[n] e^{-j \frac{2\pi n k}{N}} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x_1[\langle n \rangle_N] e^{-j \frac{2\pi n k}{N}}$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} x_1[\langle r \rangle_N] x_2[\langle n-r \rangle_N]$$

$$= x_1[n] \circledast x_2[n] \Leftrightarrow X_1[k] X_2[k]$$

$$\text{Let } Y[k] = X_1[k] \cdot X_2[k]$$

What is $y[n]$?

$$y[n] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} Y[k] e^{j \frac{2\pi n k}{N}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X_1[k] X_2[k] e^{j \frac{2\pi n k}{N}}$$

$$y[n] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \left(\sum_{r=0}^{N-1} x_1[\langle r \rangle_N] e^{-j \frac{2\pi r k}{N}} \right) \cdot \left(\sum_{s=0}^{N-1} x_2[\langle s \rangle_N] e^{-j \frac{2\pi s k}{N}} \right) e^{j \frac{2\pi n k}{N}}$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} x_1[\langle r \rangle_N] \sum_{s=0}^{N-1} x_2[\langle s \rangle_N] \underbrace{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} e^{j \frac{2\pi}{N} (n-r-s) k}}_{X_2[k]}$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} x_1[\langle r \rangle_N] x_2[\langle n-r \rangle_N]$$

$$\begin{cases} 1, & n=r+s \text{ or } s=n-r \\ 0, & \text{ELSE} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} e^{i \frac{2\pi}{N} (n-r-s)k} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{(1 - e^{i \frac{2\pi}{N} (n-r-s)N})}{1 - e^{i \frac{2\pi}{N} (n-r-s)}} = 0$$

$$W_N = e^{-i \frac{2\pi}{N}}$$

$$1 - e^{i \frac{2\pi}{N} (n-r-s)}$$

$$0, n=r+s$$

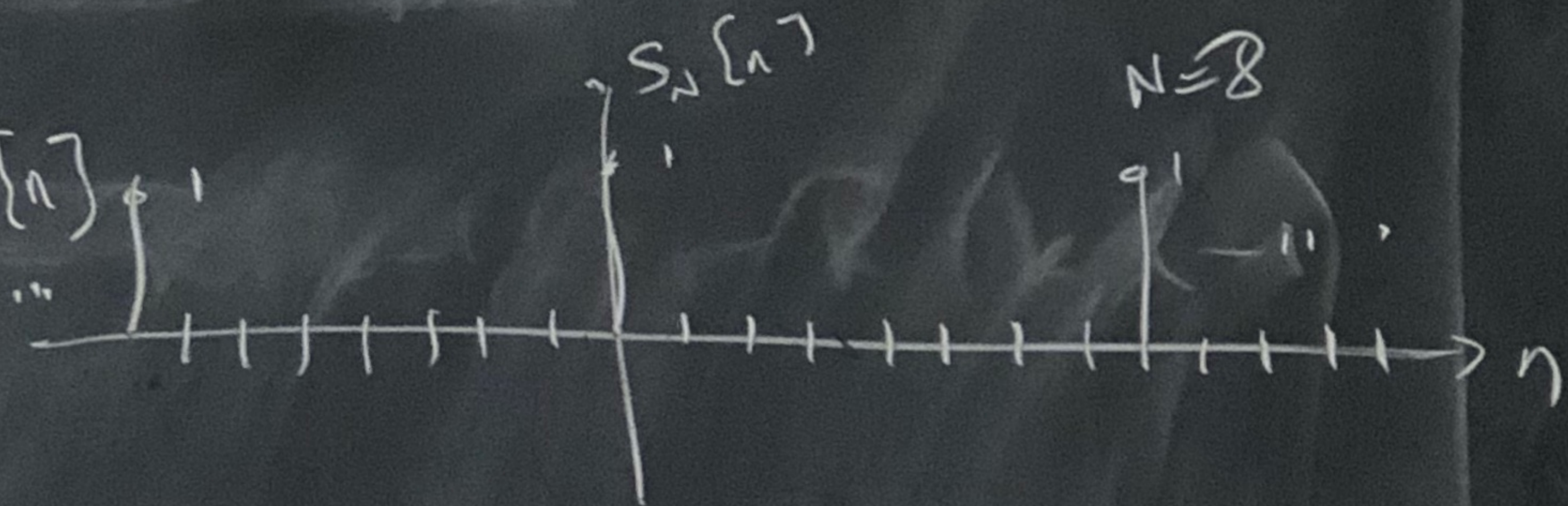
$$\neq 0, \text{ ELSE}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 1, & n=r+s \\ 0, & \text{OTHERWISE} \end{cases}$$

IF $x_1[n], x_2[n]$ ARE FINITE, NONZERO FOR $0 \leq n \leq N-1$

$$\underline{x_2[(n)]_N} = x_2[n] * s_N[n]$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} x_1[(r)]_N x_2[(n-r)]_N$$



CIRCULAR CONVOLUTION =

LINEAR CONVOLUTION FOLLOWED

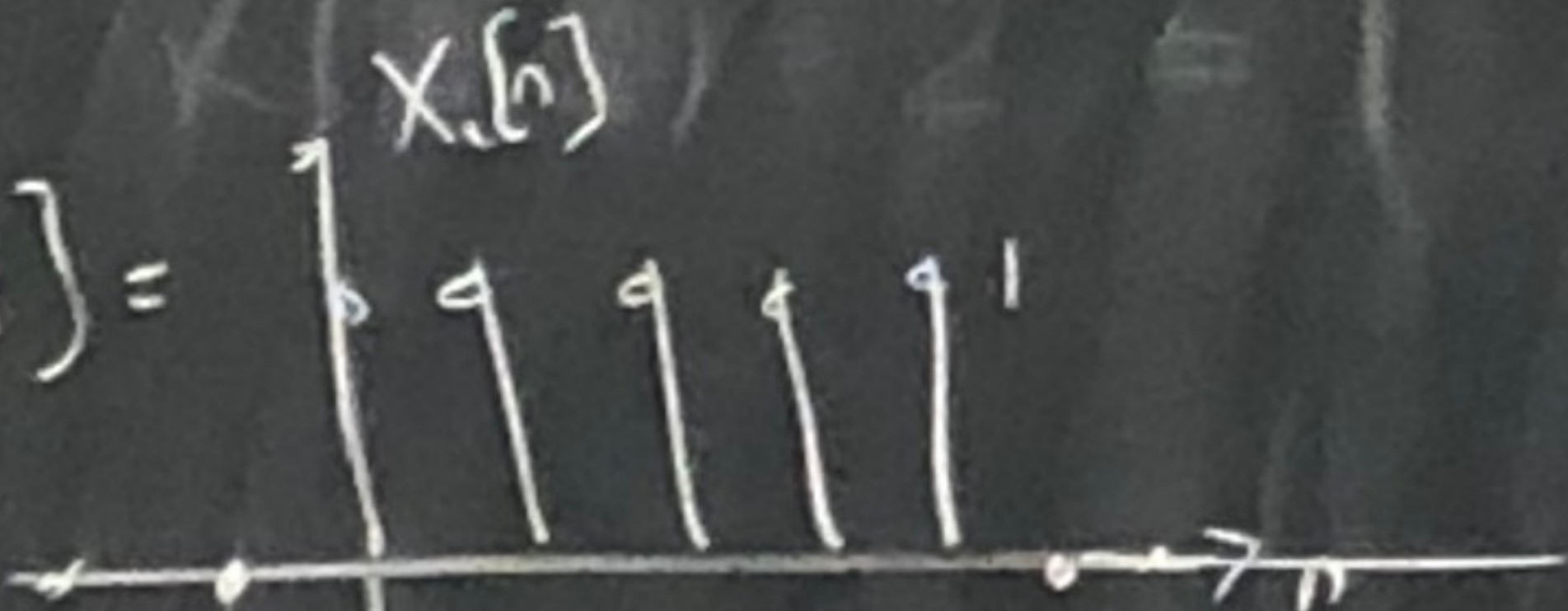
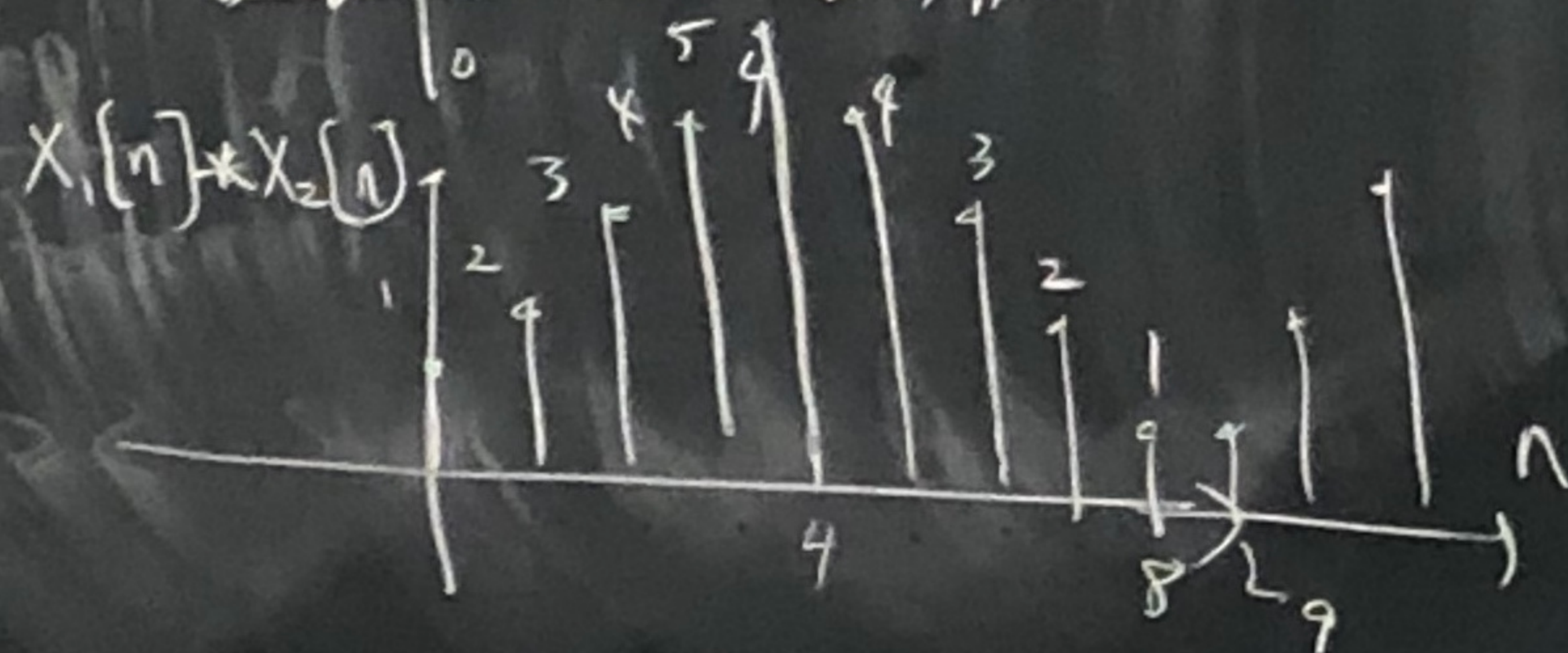
BY N-POINT ALIASING

$$= x_1[n] * (x_2[n] * s_N[n])$$

$$= (x_1[n] * x_2[n]) * s_N[n]$$

CASE 4
CIRCULAR CONVOLUTION: LINEAR CONVOLUTION FOLLOWED BY ALIASING

Ex. LET $X_1[n] = X_2[n] =$

CONSIDER FINITE DURATION SEQUENCES...

$X_1[n]$ LENGTH N_1

$$N \geq N_1, N_2$$

$X_2[n]$ LENGTH N_2

FOR WHAT N IS $X_1[n] * X_2[n] = X_1[n] \overset{N}{\circledast} X_2[n]$

LENGTH $N_1 + N_2 - 1$

FOR $X_1[n] \overset{N}{\circledast} X_2[n] = X_1[n] * X_2[n]$
MUST HAVE $N \geq N_1 + N_2 - 1$

CONSIDER

$$x[n] \neq 0, 0 \leq n \leq 10^6$$

$$h[n] \neq 0, 0 \leq n \leq P-1$$

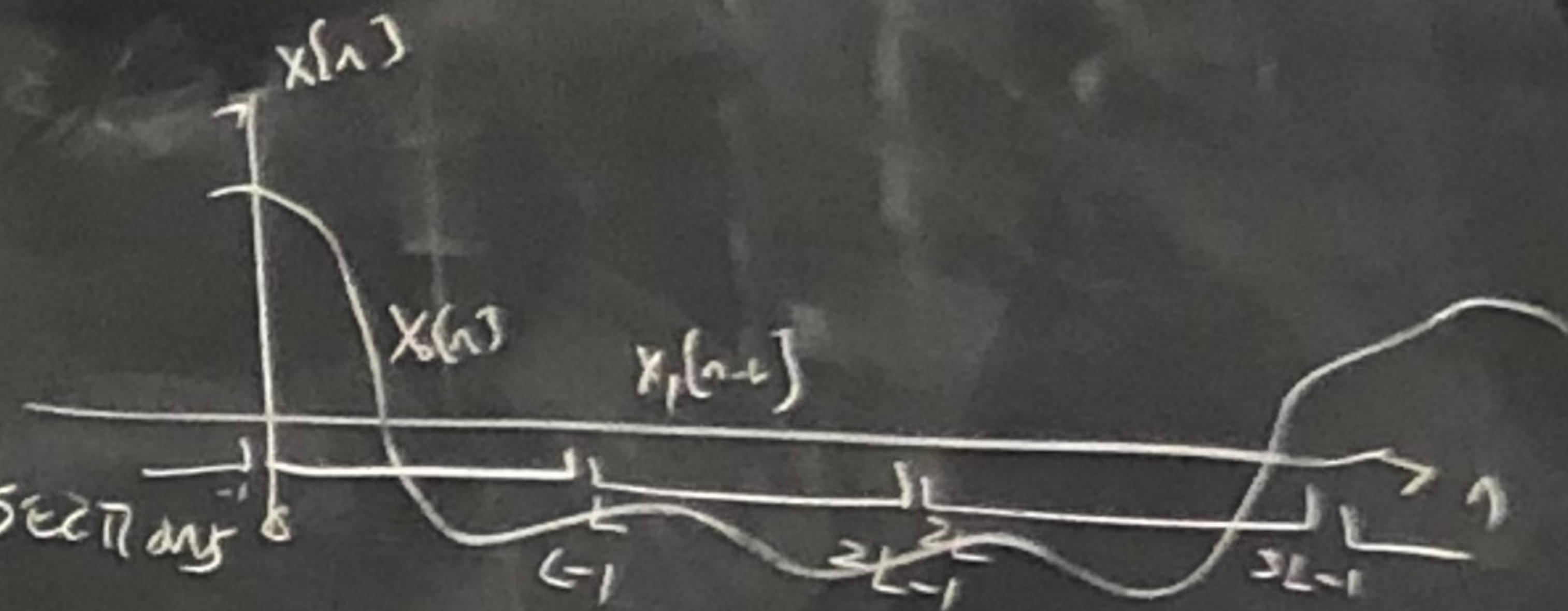
$$1. x[n] = \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} x_r[n-rL]; \quad x_r[n] = \begin{cases} x[n+rL] & 0 \leq n \leq L-1 \\ 0 & \text{ELSE} \end{cases}$$

$$2. \text{ LET } y_r[n] = x_r[n] \otimes h[n]$$

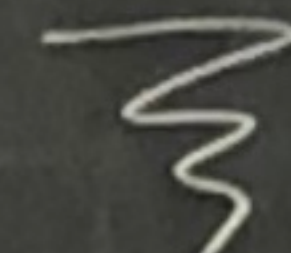
$$3. y[n] = \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} y_r[n-rL]$$

OVERLAP ADD METHOD

BREAK INTO ABUTTING SECTIONS
OF LENGTH L

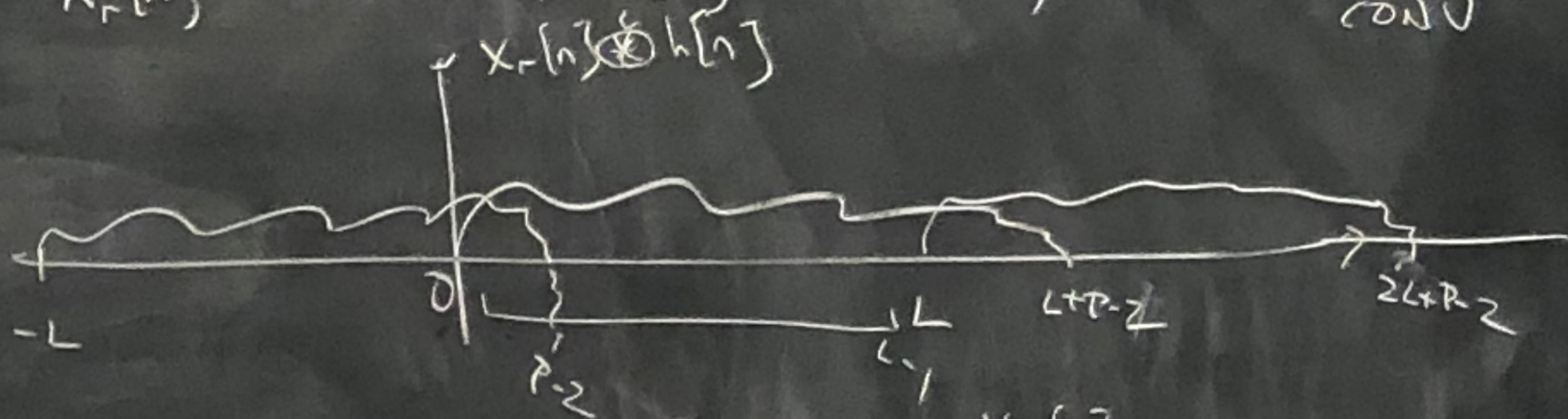


OVERLAP-SAVE ALGORITHM

1. DEVELOP SUBSEQUENCES of INPUT $x[n]$ of LENGTH L , $x_r[n]$
2. PERFORM L -PT. CIRCULAR CONVOLUTION of $x_r[n]$ WITH $h[n]$

3. DISCARD OUTPUT POINTS CORRUPTED BY ALIASING; KEEP THE 'GOOD' ONES
RECONSTRUCT OUTPUT

WHICH POINTS ARE "GOOD"?

$x_r[n]$ LENGTH L , $h[n]$ LENGTH P , L-PT. CIRC. CONV



THROW AWAY $y_r[n]$, $0 \leq n \leq P-2$
KEEP $y_r[n]$, $P-1 \leq n \leq L-1$