



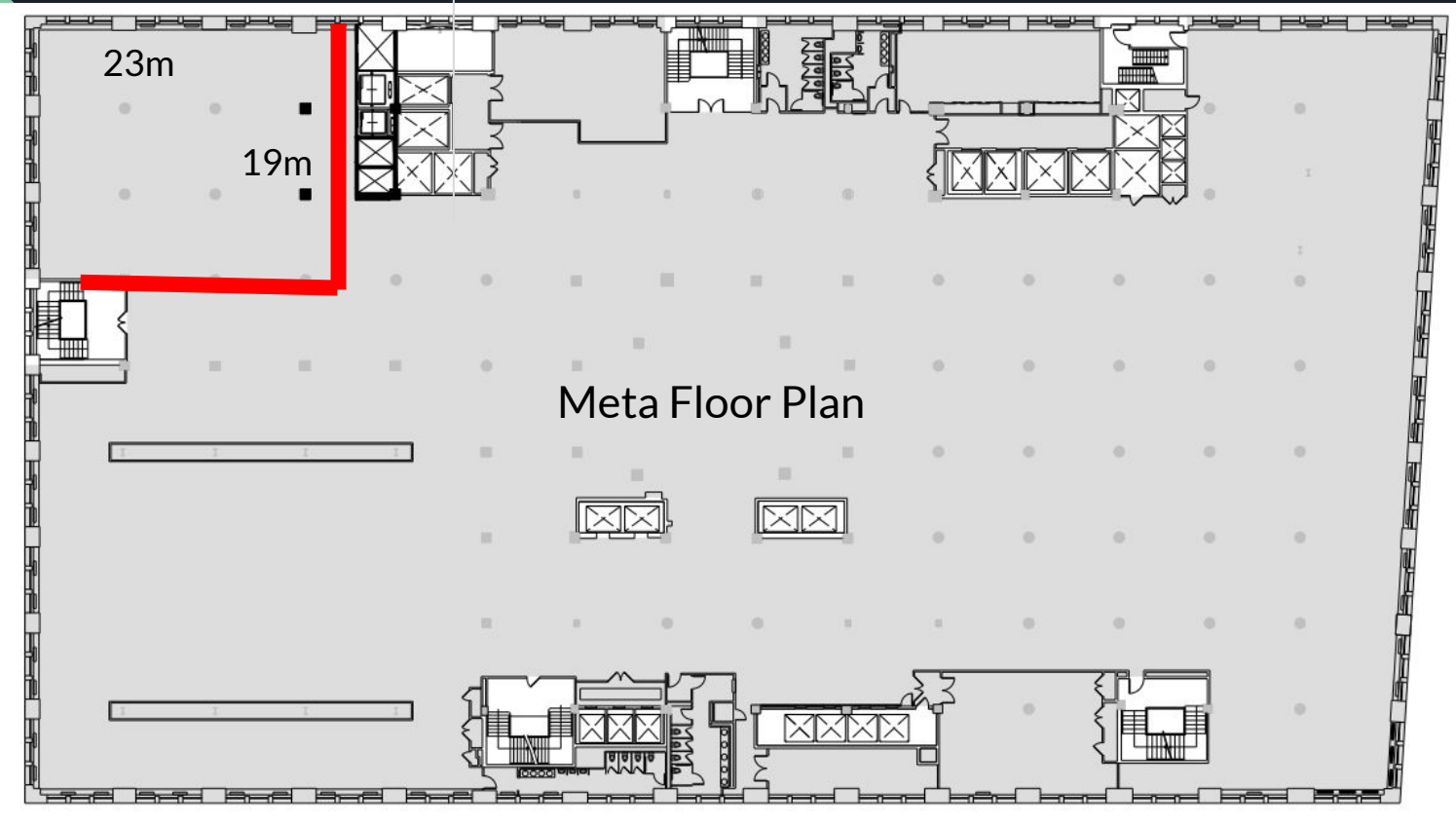
Robotic Trash Concierge

B4 - George Gao, Jack Girel-Mats, Zachary Mason

Case: An Office Problem



Expected Customer Use Case





Use-Case Requirements

- Room size
 - 19 m x 23 m
 - 90 people
- Health and Safety
 - No human collisions
 - No trash can tip over
- Configurable trash can and drop off locations
- Movement
 - 5 hour work period
 - 42m avg round trip per trash can
 - Robot needs to be at least 0.21 m/s

Use-Case Requirements: Measuring Success

- 85% Trip success rate
 - 90% No human collisions
 - 80% Bin docking success rate
- Highest priority: 99% bins SHOULD NOT tip over during pick-up and journey
 - Privacy
 - Health
 - Safety
 - More work for janitors
- Should work with bins <10lbs

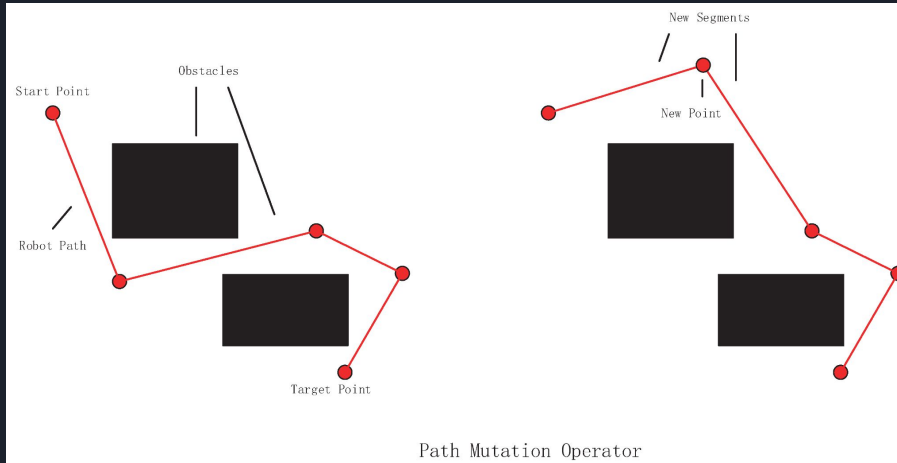


Technical Challenges

- Bin Docking
- Bin Tracking System
- Vision / Sensing System
 - 15 fps
 - 100 degree FOV
 - Global shutter
 - Obstacle detection
- Mapping
 - Path planning
 - LIDAR / SLAM pre-mapping
- Movement
 - Minimizing power use
 - Average movement speed



Solution Approach: Software



Solution Approach: Hardware



Testing / Verification Mile Stones

- Docking ability
- Roomba move speed with full 10 lb trash can
- Battery life stress test > 5 Hours
- Movement follows path
 - Reaches destination within < 0.5m radius
- SLAM mapping accuracy





Testing / Verification Goals

- Test room setup
 - 8.2 * 8.2 m²
 - 2 bins
 - Greater than 5 trials to test 85 % trip success rate
 - Each trial will vary location of bins



Tasks and Division of Labor

Jack:

- Movement and obstacle detection software
- Mapping LIDAR/SLAM

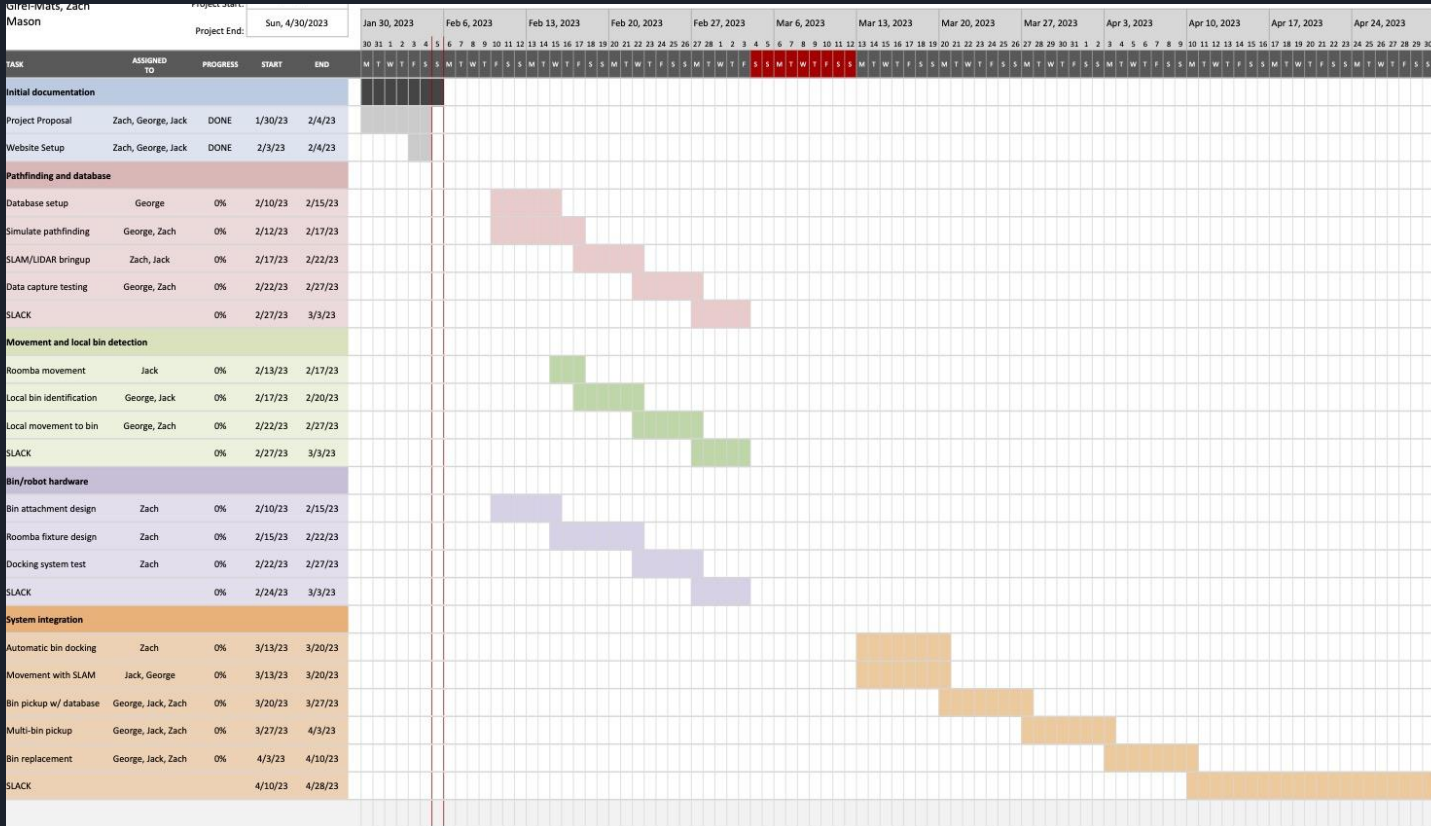
Zach:

- Bin hardware and docking mechanism
- Interface of onboard software with bin hardware and associated movement

George:

- Bin database and tracking
- Onboard CV for bin detection
- Path Planning

Preliminary Schedule



Conclusion

- Reduced human workload
- Privacy and safety priorities
- Easily scalable
- Multiple rooms
- Improved interfaces

