

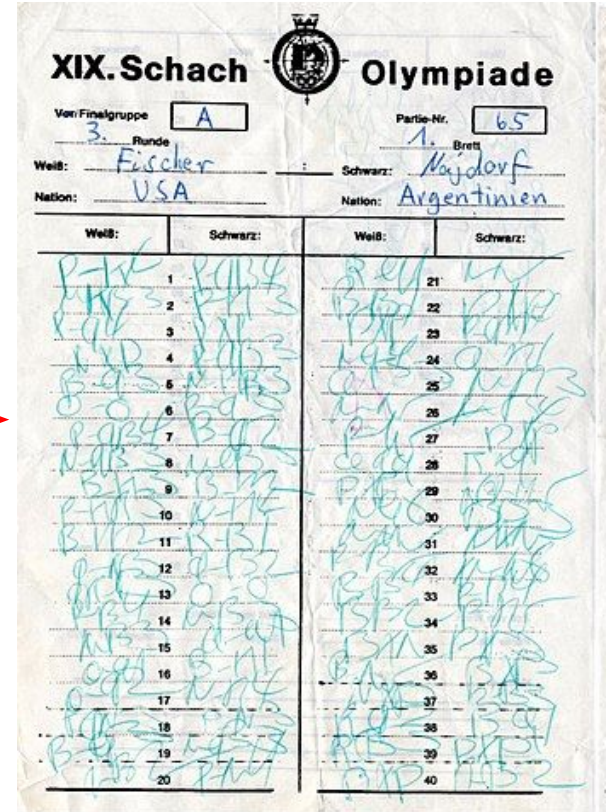
Team B0: Seamless Autonotator

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Problem Statement/Use Case

- Notation is the way chess moves are recorded (Nc3, Bxf6)
- Notation is useful
- Possibility of errors and time-consuming
 - Handwriting
 - Forgetting to notate
- Solution: Create a system that makes it easier for chess players to notate





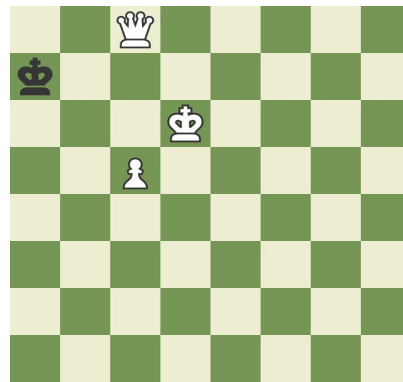
Requirements Revisited

- Record notation with **100% accuracy**
- Report move legality in **300ms** or less
- Provide **10 hours** of battery life
- Access previous **10 games** through website
- Provide exportable PGNs through website for analysis on Chess.com

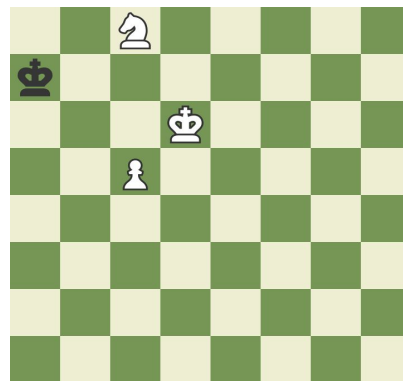


Revisiting Piece Detection

- Planned to distinguish between black and white
- Overlooked one situation - pawn promotion
- Pawn can promote to a Knight, Bishop, Rook, or Queen
- Sensors should be able to distinguish between them, but MVP will remain white vs. black



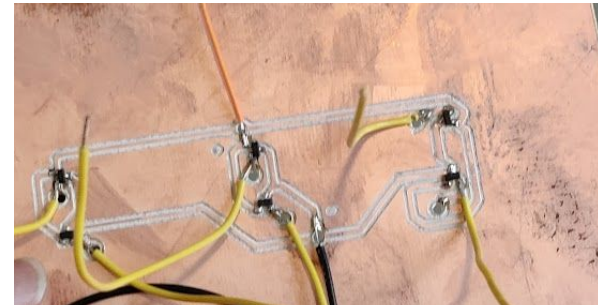
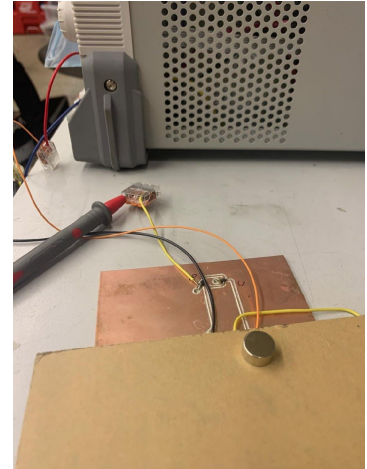
Stalemate!



Game continues,
white should win

Solution-Custom Board and Pieces

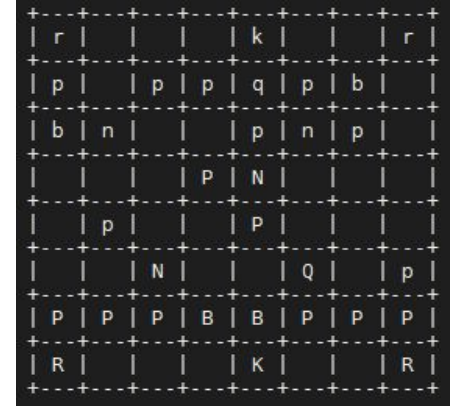
- Chess board made from acrylic
- Plastic pieces
 - Magnets in the hollow bottoms of pieces
- PCB with hall-effect sensors directly under the board
 - Bipolar sensors for simplification
 - One sensor per square, multiplex into ADC
- Power
 - Integrated batteries under board
 - 5V and 3.3V Regulators
- Connects to Raspberry Pi





Solution-Legality Check

- C++ program reads sensor output and determines the source and destination of the moved piece.
 - Compares new board state to previous board state.
- Compares move against legal move list and returns result via green/red LEDs on board.
 - Legal move list is generated by Stockfish move generation.
 - Fast enough (<10 ms) and has low memory usage.
- Updates board state if move was legal, back to previous state if illegal.



```
f3g5: 1
f3h3: 1
f3f4: 1
f3g4: 1
f3f5: 1
f3h5: 1
f3f6: 1
e1d1: 1
e1f1: 1
e1g1: 1
e1c1: 1

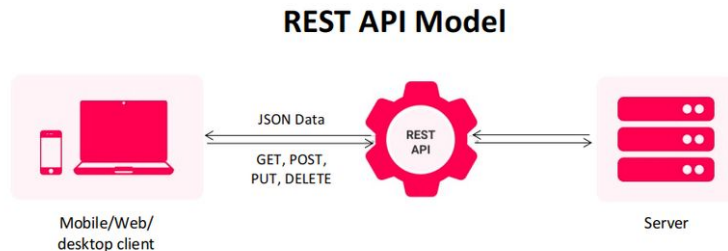
Nodes searched: 48

=====
Total time (ms) : 2
Nodes searched  : 48
Nodes/second    : 24000
```

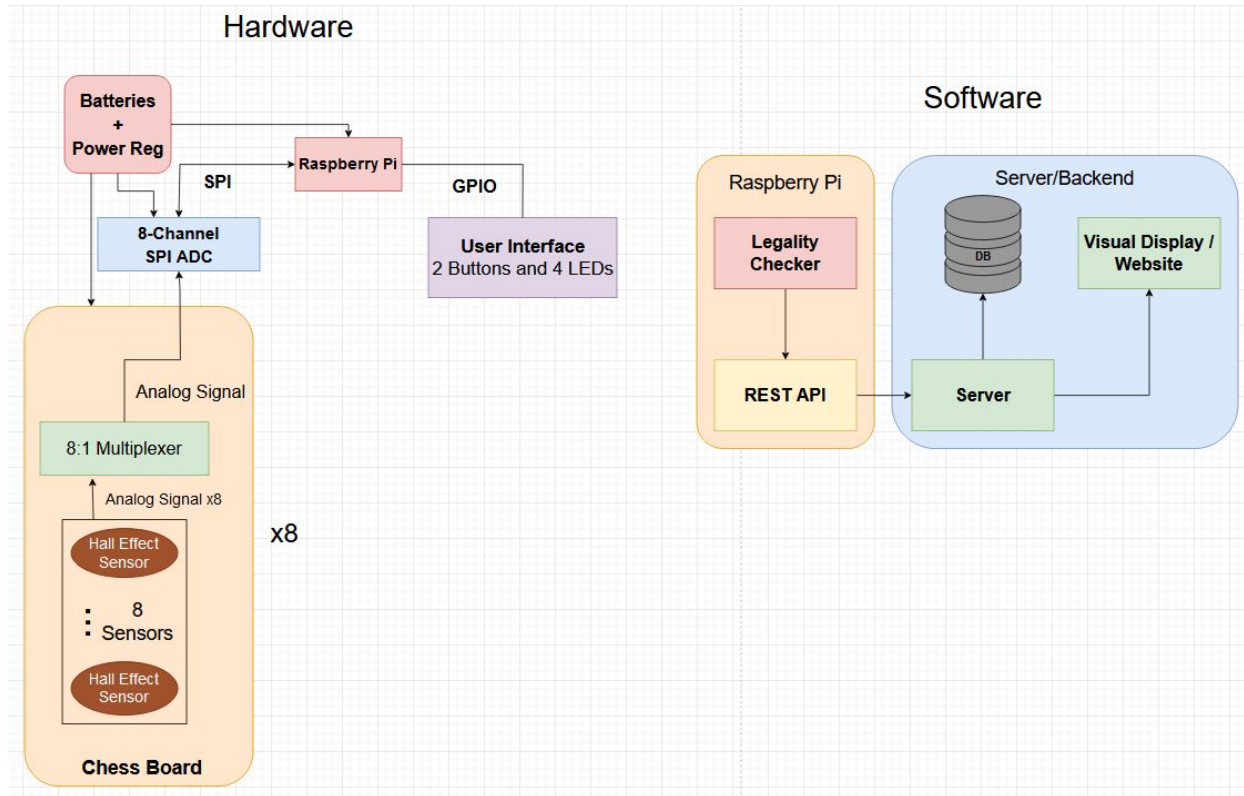


Solution-Database/Website

- Use Django (Python) to write the server backend
- Use the built in sqlite database (hosted locally) to store games (MVP)
 - Expand to a SQL Database hosted on AWS
- REST API for interactions between Pi and server



Block Diagram





Implementation

	Off-the-shelf	Designing
Hardware	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Sensors● Magnets● PCB Components● Raspberry Pi	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Chess Board PCB<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Sensing Circuits○ User Interface Circuits○ Power Regulation Circuits○ Interface with RPi● Mechanical Board
	Tech Stack	Uses
Software	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Django (Python)● HTML/CSS● C++ (Stockfish)● SQLite / SQL	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Website / BackendFrontendLegality CheckerDatabase



Testing, Verification, Metrics

Requirement	Test	Mitigation of Failure
Accuracy of Piece Detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Move pieces at playing speed and test for accuracy of notation	Explore different magnet options to make sensing more robust
Latency	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Data collection, user input to visual output and website update	Identify latency bottleneck(s) with targeted testing.
Power use	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Power draw at idle and at peak computation	Determine if power use can be lowered, add batteries.



Conclusion

Our Solution

- Custom Chess Board
- Senses moves with magnets in pieces
- Raspberry Pi to take in sensor data and determine legality
- Pi communicates with server to maintain game database
- Server actively updates website to show notation
- Users can access previous games in database