

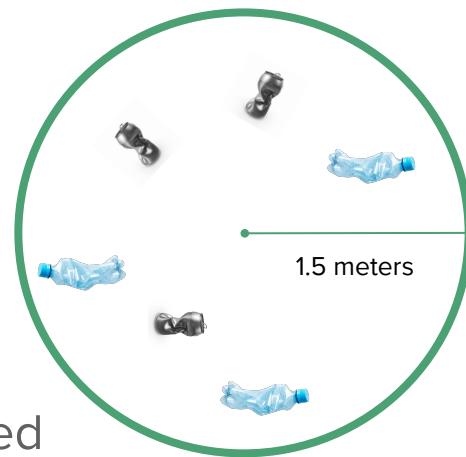
# Use Case/Application

- RecycleBot will autonomously:
  - Detect, pick up and store littered bottles
  - **Avoid** potential non-bottle obstacles
- Key Task: locate and pick up **3 water bottles** within a 1.5 meter radius of the robot
- Changes:
  - Adding **non-bottle obstacles** for bot to avoid intaking
  - Pivot from building a full robot to mounting our intake mechanism on an **iRobot**
  - Reduced storage area— all tests now require picking up **3 bottles**



# Quantitative Use-Case Requirements

- Algorithm correctly identifies the following with less than 10% false positive rate:
  - 90% fixed-type water bottles
  - 80% varied-type water bottles
  - 80% obstacles
- Robot avoids obstacles with 80% success
- Picks up and stores detected bottles with 70% success
- Takes less than 1.25 minutes to pick up 3 items distributed within a 1.5 meter radius with no obstacles

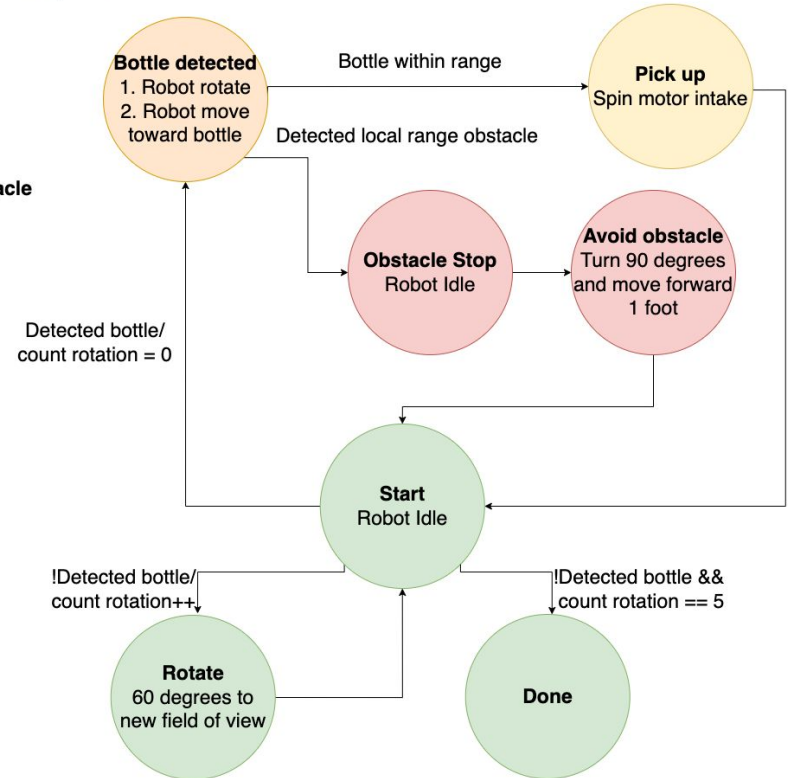
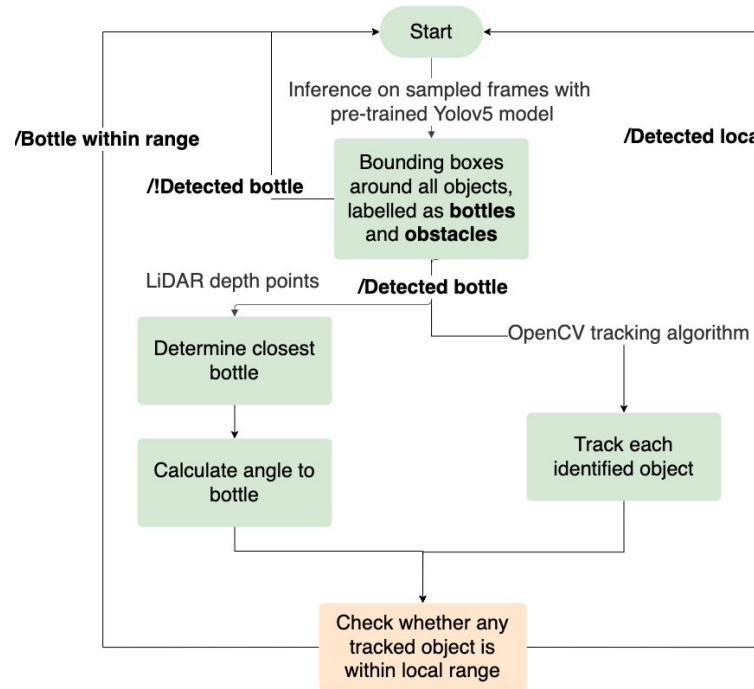


# Solution Approach

- **iRobot Augmentation**
  - Intake mechanism
- **Object Detection** - ML model
  - Pre-labeled bottle dataset and transfer learning to train model
  - Sets global path upon bottle detection
- **Navigation** - LiDAR and iRobot control
  - LiDAR for measuring distance between robot and target
  - Calculate angle between bot orientation and target
  - iRobot Open Interface for actuator command
- **Obstacle Avoidance** - LiDAR and object tracking
  - Continuously scan for whether tracked objects are in local range
  - Fixed local path avoidance when tracked obstacle is in local range

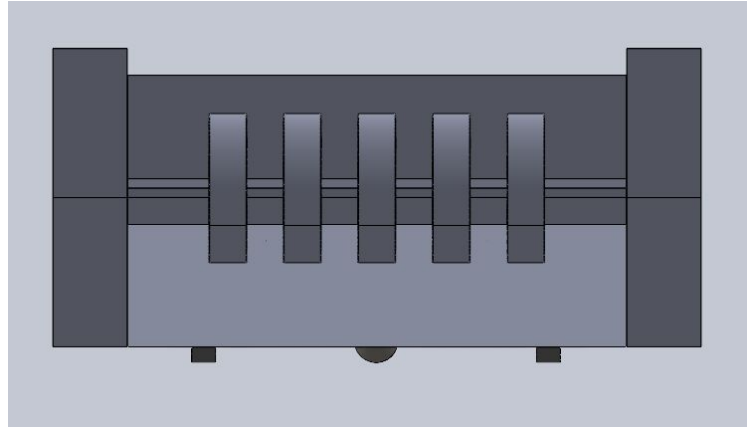
# System Specification - Block Diagram

Software system diagram  
RecycleBot | October 2, 2022



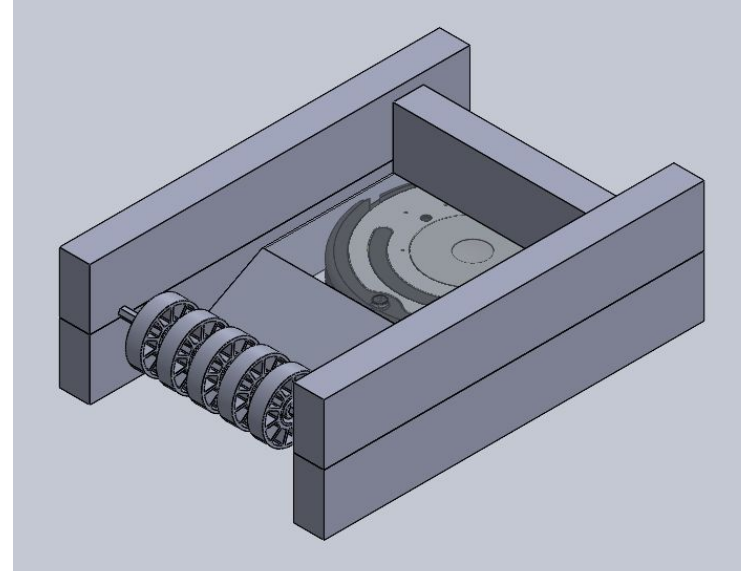
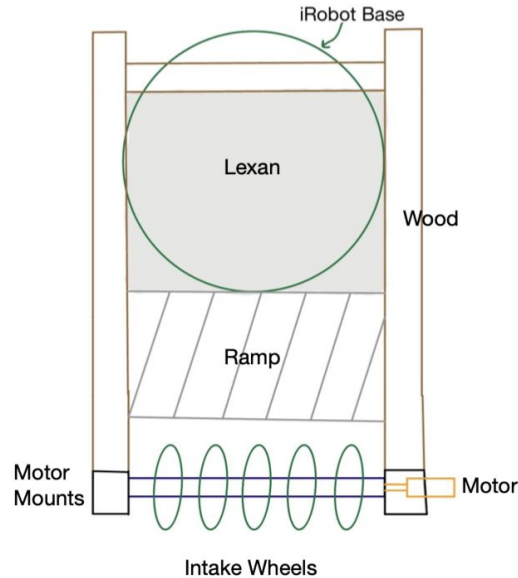
# System Specification- Robot

- Intake mechanism:
  - 5 rotating wheels on an axle
  - Wheel catches and pushes bottles underneath wheel axle and up a ramp to top of iRobot





# System Specification- Robot

- Mounting the intake:
  - Drill into iRobot faceplate
  - No side mounting on iRobot— 2x4 middle beam will be attachment point



# Implementation Plan

	Components to be integrated	Components to be developed
Robot hardware	iRobot 	Intake and storage mechanism on robot, and mounting those the iRobot faceplate
Object detection	Yolov5 model	Transfer learning on bottle and obstacle dataset
Navigation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Intel RealSense LIDAR Camera L515 for distance readings</li><li>● OpenCV object tracking</li><li>● Jetson Xavier</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Angle calculation to center robot to bottle</li><li>● Communication with iRobot via Create 2 Open Interface</li><li>● Software system logic</li></ul>

# Progress



Bottle Inference on Test Images  
Dataset: aluminum cans, glass bottles,  
plastic bottles, milk bottles



OpenCV Tracking Algorithm (CSRT)



# Testing and Metrics

- Environment
  - Objects randomly placed within a 1.25m radius
  - Objects at least .45m apart from each other
  - Concrete background
  - Fixed lighting
- Test cases
  - 3 fixed-type bottles
  - 3 variable-type bottles
  - 3 fixed-type bottles + 3 obstacles
- For each test case, we will compare the average of 10 runs (1 run = completion of one 1.25m radius) with our metrics

# Testing and Metrics

Testing	Metrics
3 fixed-type bottles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- 90% detection accuracy</li><li>- 70% pickup success</li><li>- &lt; 1.25 min</li></ul>
3 variable-type bottles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- 80% detection accuracy</li><li>- 70% pickup success</li><li>- &lt; 1.25 min</li></ul>
3 fixed-type bottles + 3 obstacles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- 90% detection accuracy of bottles</li><li>- 80% detection accuracy of obstacles</li><li>- 80% obstacle avoidance success</li><li>- 70% pickup success</li></ul>



# Conclusion

- Key changes
  - iRobot
  - Obstacle avoidance
- Key challenges
  - Intake design
  - Obstacle avoidance
  - Integration of entire software system

