



# ChaseMe Alarm Clock

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## Application Area

- A no-snooze alarm clock that you have to catch to turn it off
- Traditional/smartphone alarm clock:
  - easy to hit snooze
- “Clock on wheels”:
  - lack reliability
  - lack durability



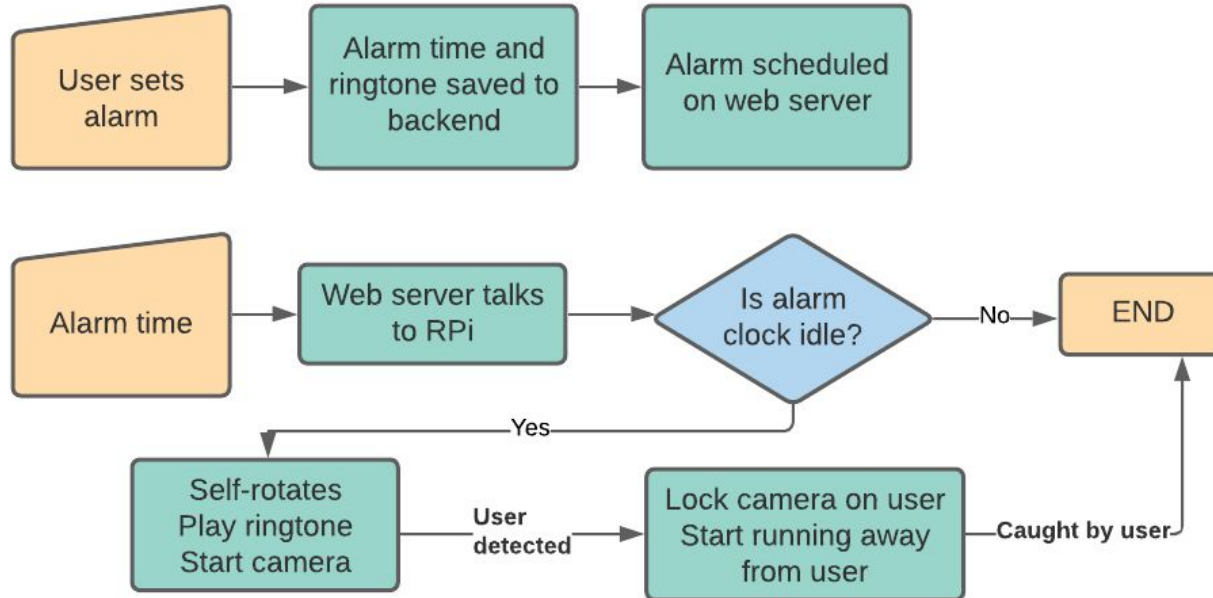
“Clock on wheels”



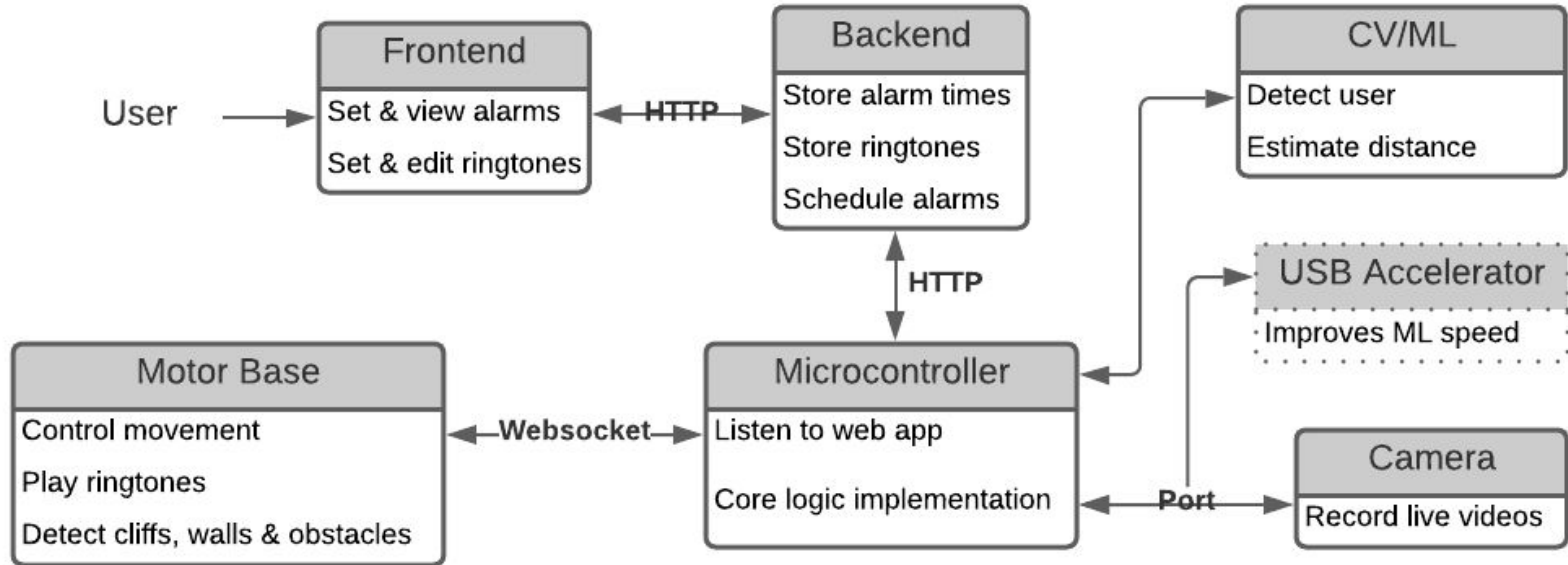
# Solution Approach

- CV/ML
  - Human recognition
  - Distance estimation between clock and user
- Create 2 robot base
  - Edge/obstacle detection
  - Create2 Open Interface API
- Web App
  - Interface for users to set alarm time and ringtone

# User Flowchart

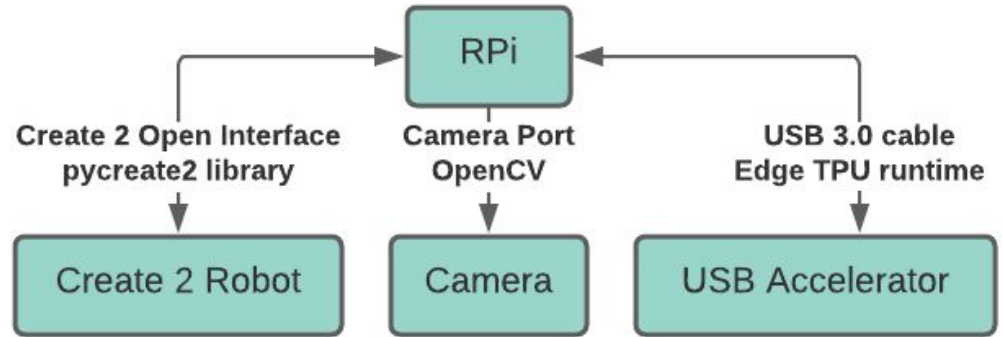


# System Diagram

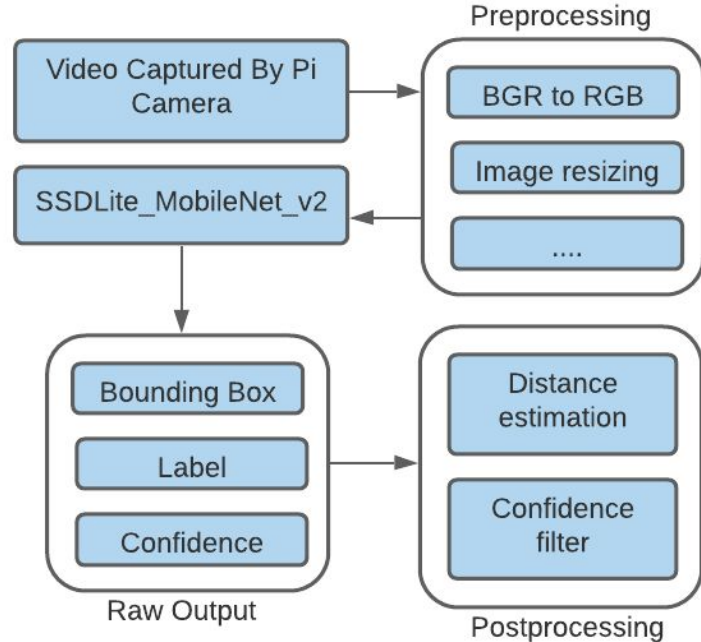


# Implementation Plan: hardware setup

- Create 2 Robot
  - cliff detection
  - bump detection
  - song playing
- pycreate2 library
  - compatible w/ Open Interface
- Google Coral USB accelerator
  - Edge TPU coprocessor to speed up ML interference



# Implementation Plan: CV/ML pipeline



## Human Recognition

- TensorFlow Lite
- SSDLite\_MobileNet\_v2
  - suitable for running on smaller devices
  - available in Python

# Implementation Plan: web app

- MERN stack
- sample-player package for playing notes
- AWS EC2 for deployment
- crontab for task scheduling

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Alarm Clock User Center" with the URL "http://chaseme.clock". The interface includes a "Set Time" section with input fields for hours (8), minutes (40), and a dropdown for AM/PM. Below this is a "Set Ringtone" section with a table for notes and durations, an "Add A Note" button, an "Import MIDI File" button, and a "Preview" slider. A "Submit" button is located at the bottom.

	Pitch	Duration(s)	
1st Note:	C4	1/32	
2nd Note:	A4	1/4	
3rd Note:	D3	1/8	

Buttons: Add A Note (Up to 64 notes), Import MIDI File, Submit





# Validation

Requirement	Metrics
Low latency in communication	delay from web app sends signal, to robot starts working < 1s
	delay from facial recognition to chase starting < 0.25s
Fast image processing	ML pipeline FPS > 10, Latency < 0.1s
Accurate human detection	Human recognition accuracy > 90%, false positive rate < 10%
	Camera can rotate 360 degrees, detect user coming at different directions
Accurate distance estimation	Distance estimation accuracy > 75%, starts chase when user w/i 1m radius
Successful obstacle avoidance	Rate of bumping into wall or obstacles the second time < 20%
Effective wake	chase duration > 30s, chase overall linear distance > 5m



# Risk Factors

- To mitigate high latency in human detection
  - Quantize ML models: fp32 -> int8
  - Add heat sinks/fans to reduce overheating
- To improve low accuracy in human detection
  - Add more preprocessing steps, e.g. transformation

## \* Assumptions

- Unknown environment
- Unknown no. of obstacles
- Only one user involved
- Enough lighting for CV



Hardware

CV/ML

Web App

# Questions?

