



iContact

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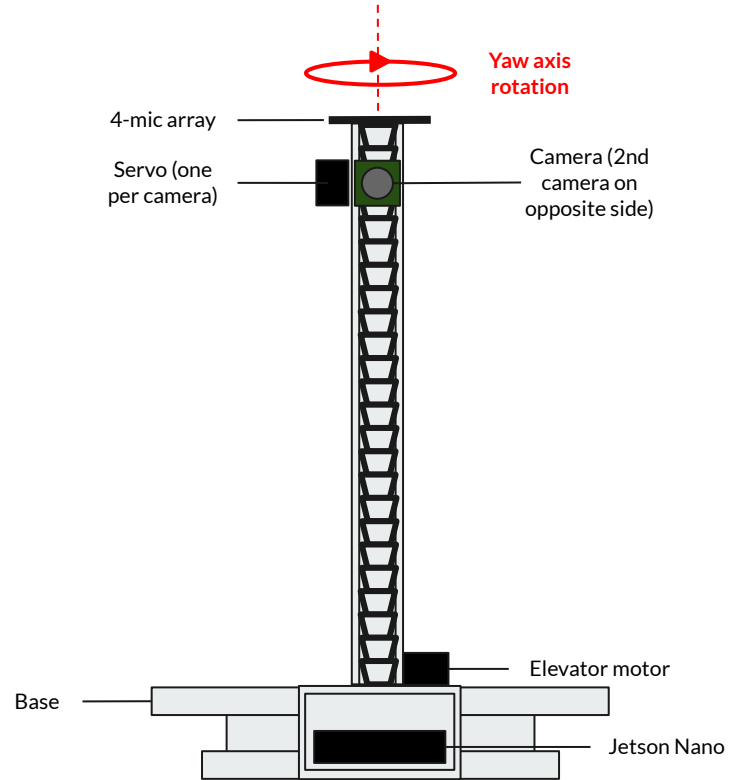
Application Area

- Video calls have become an indispensable part of our daily lives
 - Classes
 - Virtual hangouts with friends
 - Work/internships
- Even before COVID, video calls were becoming essential
 - Conference calls in the workplace
 - Keeping in touch with friends and family
- Video calls have become more crucial, but have not evolved much
- **How can we better immerse the remote viewer into a video call?**
 - **Our solution: An agile camera that keeps the focus on you**

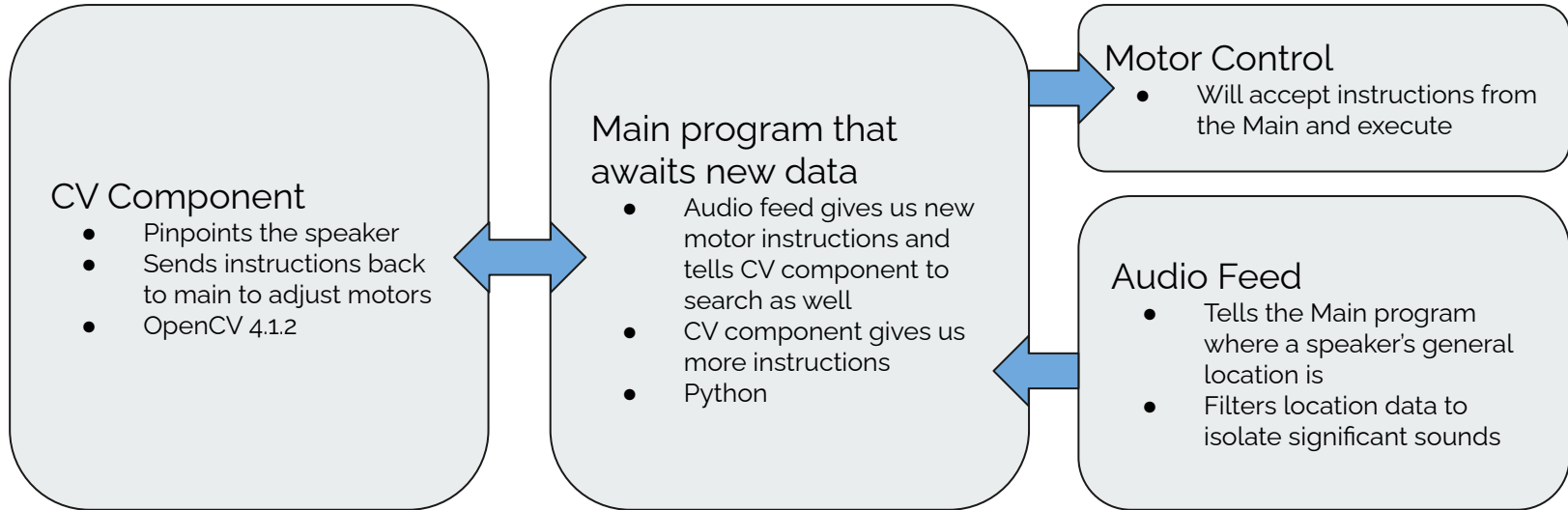


Solution Approach

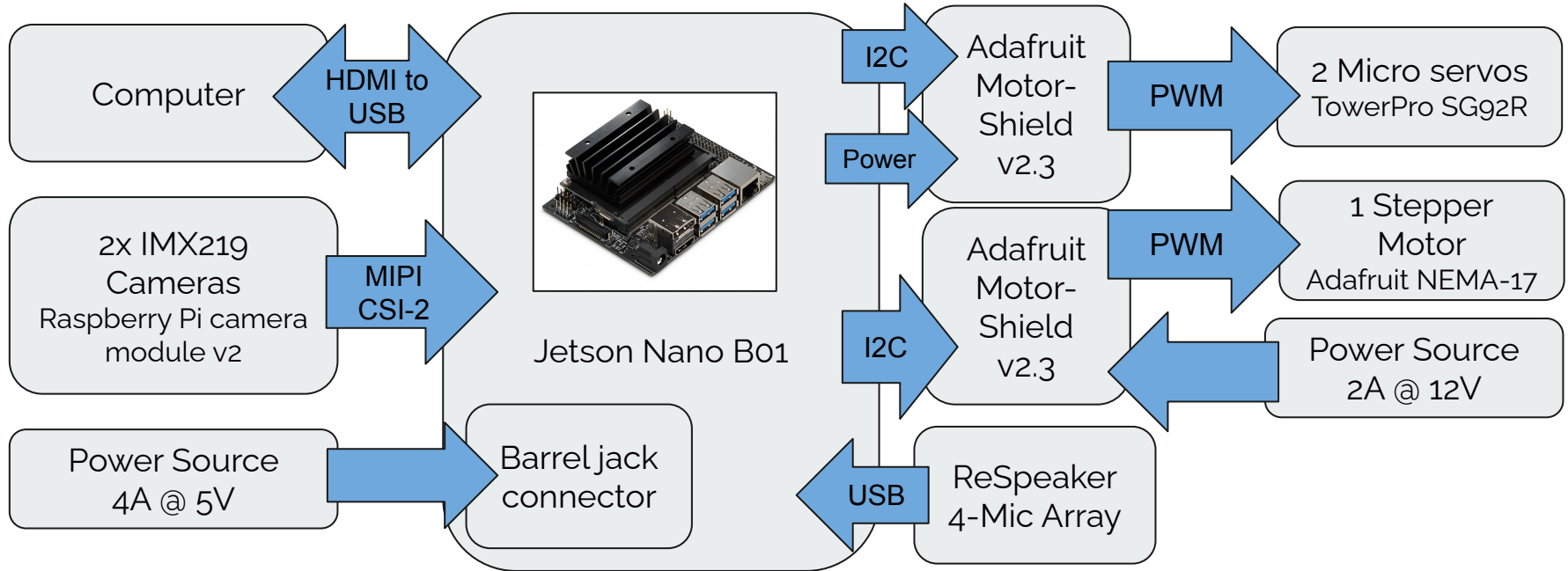
- A bi-camera mechanism on a motorized tripod
 - Can raise/lower
 - Rotates side-to-side
 - Utilizes audio detection and CV to locate and physically reposition the camera to focus on the current speaker



Software System Specification

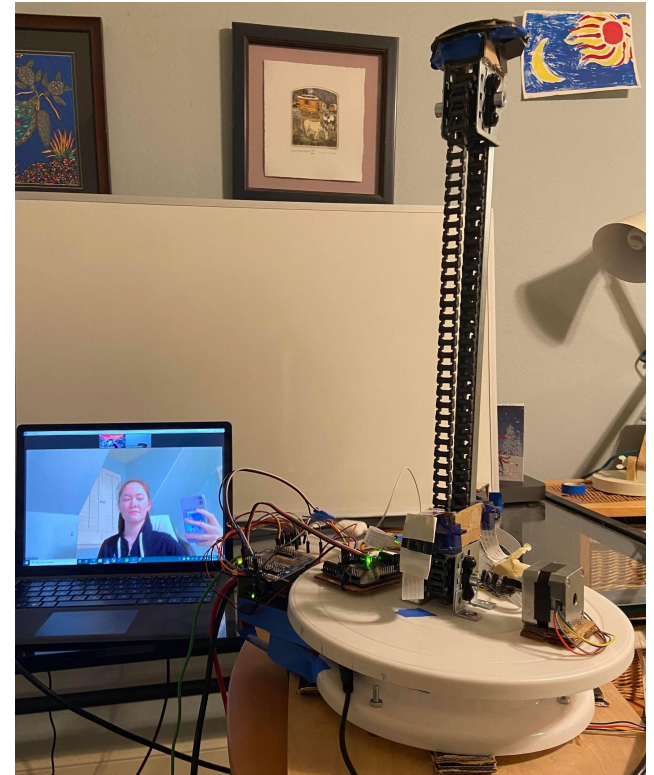


Hardware System Specification



Complete Solution

- We will first show the iContact's camera feed with:
 - A singular speaker starting in frame, then moving side-to-side, standing up and sitting down
 - Two speakers in the room sitting at different positions relative to the device, exchanging conversation
 - Two speakers in the room standing at different positions relative to the device and moving occasionally, exchanging conversation
- Then we will show the iContact itself with a speaker moving around in front of it to show the mechanics



Complete Solution: Video Demo



Metrics & Validation



Functionality	Requirements	Testing
Viewing	Compatible with any conferencing software 1080p @30fps	Run with Zoom, Webex, and Google Hangouts
Working range	360-degree field of view 1ft vertical panning range 10ft acoustic location range 10ft person detection radius	Stationary or moving speaker around the room at various distances and angles from iContact, speaking between 50-65dB
Algorithm accuracy	90% centering accuracy 90% speaker identification accuracy	Stationary speakers converse back and forth (identification accuracy) Subject moving while continuing to talk (centering accuracy)
Speed	<1s motor control for camera adjustment <1s audio input processing latency <1s video input processing latency	Stationary speakers conversing back and forth, taking turns speaking one sentence at a time

Results

Functionality	Requirements	Results	
Viewing	Compatible with any conferencing software 1080p @30fps	✓ ✗	Worked with Zoom, WebEx, Google Hangouts 1080p @21fps
Working range	360-degree field of view 1ft vertical panning range 10ft acoustic location range 10ft person detection radius	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	Can turn to any direction Full range of motion up/down 1ft shaft 100% accuracy up to 4ft; 90% up to 6ft 100% accuracy up to 10ft
Algorithm accuracy	90% centering accuracy 90% speaker identification accuracy	✗ ✓	Horizontal: 70-90%; vertical: 90% 100% with 2 speakers; 90% with 3 speakers
Speed	<1s motor control for camera adjustment <1s audio input processing latency <1s video input processing latency	✓ ✓ ✓	0.3957s 0.6451s 0.2749s

Trade Offs

- Increasing wait time after movement to gain more accurate audio readings and facial recognition
- Cropping frames at the bounds to simplify cable management
- Ignoring repeated audio measurements to reduce camera jittering
- Minimizing OpenCV processing to maintain higher framerates
- Removed pitch axis rotation because Servos were repurposed for yaw rotation

